# **USER'S MANUAL**

**Vehicle Electrical System Circuit Tester** 



**ELECTRICAL SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC** 

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### 1. Safety Precautions and Warnings

To prevent personal injury or unnecessary damage while using the tool, please read this Owner's Manual carefully first and observe at least the following safety precautions when using the vehicle:

- · Always perform motorbike testing in a safe environment.
- Do not attempt to operate or observe the tool while driving a vehicle,

Operating or observing the tool will cause driver distraction and could cause a fatal accident.

- Wear safety eye protection that meets ANSI standards.
- Keep clothing, hair, hands, tools, test equipment, etc. away from all rotating or hot engine parts.
- Operate the vehicle in a well-ventilated work area. Exhaust gases are poisonous.
- Put blocks in front of the drive wheels and never leave the vehicle unattended while running tests.
- Use extreme caution when working around the ignition coil, distributor cap, ignition wires and spark plugs. These Components create hazardous voltages when the engine is running.
- $\bullet$  Put the transmission in P (for A/T) or N(M/T) and make sure the parking brake is engaged.
- Keep a fire extinguisher suitable for gasoline /chemical / electrical fires nearby.
- Don't connect or disconnect any test equipments while the ignition is ON or the engine is running.
- Keep the scan tool dry, clean free from oil/ water or grease. Use a mild detergent on a clean cloth to clean the outside of the scan tool when necessary.
- Our company is not responsible for any damage caused by unintentional or deliberate misuse of our products or tools.

# 2. Using the Test Tool

### 2.1 Tool Description



- ① Probe Tip Contents the circuit or component to be tested.
- ② Head Lights Illuminates dark work areas or work areas at night.
- ③ Red/Green Polarity Indicator Identifies positive, Negative or Open circuits. The Red Indicator lights when the Probe Tip is

contacting a positive circuit. The Green Indicator lights when the Probe Tip is contacting a negative circuit.

- 4 LCD display Indicates test results.
- Solution Power Swith Allows you to conduct a positive or negative battery current to the tip for activating and testing the function of electrical components.
- 6 Mode Button Selects the work mode : AC voltage, DC voltage, Resistance, Tone.
- Speaker When the audio tone is turned on, A beep will be heard.
- 8 Auxiliary Ground Lead Assists test as a ground lead.
- Adapter Connects to the battery .

#### 2.2 Specifications

- 1). Display: TFF color Display (160 \* 128 dpi)
- 2). Operating Temperature: 0 to 60°C ( 32 to 140 °F)
- 3). Storage Temperature : -40 to 70 °C (-40 to 185 °F)
- 4). External Power: 12.0 or 24.0 V power provided via vehicle battery
- 5). Dimensions:

Length	Width	Height
165mm	40mm	27mm

#### 2.3 General Description

The tool is the best electrical tester for reducing diagnostic time in all 6– to 30 volt vehicle electrical systems. After a simple hook–up of the tool to the vehicles's battery, you can:

- Determine at a glance if a circuit is positive, negative, or open without having to reconnect clips from one battery pole to another.
- Test for continuity with its built –in auxiliary ground lead.
- By depressing the ower switch, conduct a positive or negative battery current to the probe tip for testing the function of an electrical component withou the use of jumper wires.
- Test for poor ground contacts instantly withou performing voltage drop tests, The tool is also short-circuit protected, its internal circuit breaker will trip if it becomes overloaded.
- Follow and locate short circuits without wasting fuses, The tool's long cable allows you to test along the entire length of the vehicle without constantly searching for suitable vehicle grounds.

#### 2.4 Power

The tool is powered via the vehicle battery , Connect the RED battery clamp to the Positive terminal of the vehicle's battery , and the Black clamp to the Negative terminal, When the tool is first connected to a battery , It will sound a beep and the head lights will be on to illuminate the test area of the probe tip.

#### 2.5 Quick Self- test

Before you test a circuit or component, be sure your tool is in good order by doing a quick self-test.

With the tool connected, Perform a quick self-test, The power switch is a momentary rocker switch located on the tool's body, Flanking the switch are positive and negative markings.

Flanking the switch are positive and negative markings.

Press the power switch forward to activate the tip with a positive voltage, The Red LED should light and the LCD display will read the battery voltage, If the tone feature is turned On. a high pitched tone will sound , Let go of the power switch and the LED will turn off and the high tone will cease.

Press the power switch rearward to activate the tip with a negative voltage. The Green LED should light and the LCD display will read the '0.0V' (ground). If the tone feature is turned on, a low pitched tone will sound. Let go of the power switch and the LED will turn off and the low tone will cease.

Your tool is working correctly and is now ready for use . (Figure 1)



**IMPORTANT:** When powering—up components, you can increase the life of power switch in the tool if you first press the switch, Then contact the tip to the component, The arcing will take place at the tip instead of the contacts of the switch.

#### 2.6 Circuit Breaker

This product has automatic short circuit protection, its internal overload protection system will automatically break the circuit and restart it in the event of an overload or short circuit.

When the circuit is overloaded, a restart screen appears on the screen without damaging the unit, meaning you can still use functions such as circuit detection and observation of voltage values.



(Figure 2)

#### 2.7 Word Mode

There are four modes to diagnose the electrical systems, which can be accessed by depressing the mode button and cycling through each one .

#### **DC Voltage**

While the tool in this mode, Contact the probe tip to a circuit, then the LCD display will read the DC voltage with a resolution of 0.1 volt (

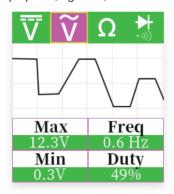
Figure 3).



(Figure 3)

#### **AC Voltagee**

While the tool in this mode, Contact the probe tip to a circuit, then the LCD display will read the Max. voltage, the Min Voltage, Frequency and duty cycle. (Figure 4)



(Figure 4)

#### Resistance

While the tool in this mode, Contact the probe tip to a circuit, then the LCD display will read the resistance between the tip and auxiliary ground lead. (Figure 5)



(Figure 5)

#### Tone On / OFF

While the tool in this mode, Just do a quick press of the mode button to toggle the tone On or OFF. while quickly press (a quick press and release) the mode button, if a short high beep is heard, this means the audio tone is turned On. If a short low beep is heard, the audio tone is turned off. (Figure 6)

This function is invaluable when working in bright areas wher LED illumination alone is not sufficients. Then audio feature may be disengaged when desired, such as for applications where the tool will be connected to circuits for long period of time and the audio could become annoying.



- 8 -

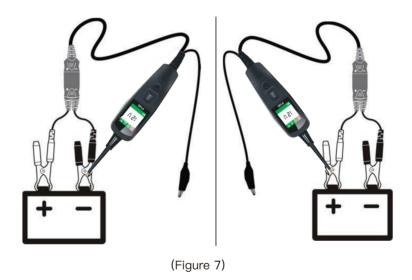
### 3. Test Applications

#### 3.1 Voltage & Polarity testing

While the tool is in DC voltage mode, Contact the probe tip to a Positive circuit, The red LED will light and the LCD displays the voltage with a resolution of 0.1 V. If the beep is turned On. a high pitched tone will sound.

If contact the probe tip to a Negative Circuit, the green LED will light and the LCD displays the voltage with a resolution of 0.1V. if the beep is turned On . a low pitched tone will sound.

If contact the probe tip to an OPEN circuit, Neither of the LED will light. (Figure 7)



#### 3.2 Continuity Testing

While the tool is in Resistance mode, using the probe tip with chassis ground or the auxiliary ground lead, continuity can be tested on wires and components attached or disconnected from the vehicle's electrical system.

When the probe tip is contacting a good ground , the LCD will indicate 0.0  $\Omega$  . and green LED will be ON. if the tone feature is turned On. a low pitched tone will sound (Figure 8)



(Figure 8)

In other cased, the LCD only indicates the resistance value.
 (Figure 9)



(Figure 9)

 If the resistance value is greater than 200KΩ, the LCD will show "OL".

There is also another way to prove continuity of connections to ground or battery, Power up the connection using the power switch, if the circuit breaker trips you know that you have a good solid low resistance connection.

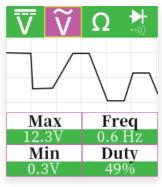
Note: You can use the probe tip to pierce the plastic insulation on a wire. This means that you can test the circuit without disconnecting anything.

#### 3.3 Signal Circuit Testing

Once you extract a DTC from the vehicle and realize that troubeshooting begins with some kind of sensor circuit, there is a quick test you can perform to verify the code, Testing your sensor is easy while using the tool.

For example, you suspect there is a problem with you MAP Sensor circuit, Then follow the procedure involved with testing the sensor:

- Set the tool in AC voltage mode, using the probe tip with chassis ground or the auxiliary ground lead.
- Connect vacuum pump to MAP sensor.
- Contact the probe tip to the MAP sensor positive terminal and observe the LCD readings which should be a sine wave in normal condition.
- Apply vacuum.
- Release vacuum and observe the LCD readings. (Figure 10).



(Figure 10)

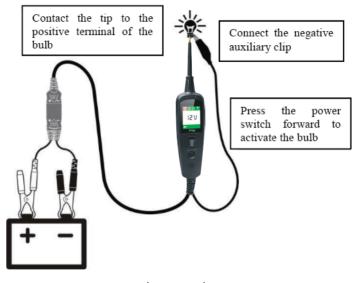
If the LCD readings are abnormal, there is a problem with this sensor.

#### 3.4 Activating Components in your hand

while the tool is in DC voltage mode, by using the probe tip in connection with the auxiliary ground lead, Components can be activated right in your hand, Thereby testing their functions.

Connect the auxiliary ground lead to the negative terminal or ground side of the component being tested. Then contact the probe tip to the positive terminal of the component, The green LED should light, Indicateing continuity through the component.

While keeping any eyen on the green LED, quickly press and release the power switch forware, if the green LED went out and the red LED came On. you may proceed with further activation, Rock the power switch forware and hold it down to provide power to your component, With the power switch rocked forward, power will flow from the positive lead on the battery into the probe tip, through the tip into component's positive terminal, into the component and out the component, through the auxiliary ground lead and back into the tool, and back to the vehicle's battery's ground. (Figure 11).



(Figure 11)

If the green LED went off at that instant or if the circuit breaker tripped, The tool has been overloaded, This could happen for the folloing reasons:

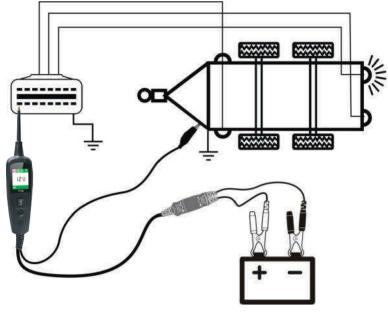
- The contact you are probing is a direct ground or negative voltage.
- The Component you are testing is short-circuited.
- The Component is a very high current component (i.e., Starter motor).

If the circuit breaker is tripped, reset it by waiting for it to cool down(15 sec.)

#### 3.5 Testing Trailer Lights and Connections

While the tool is in DC voltage mode, Clip the auxiliary ground lead to the trailer ground, probe the contacts at the jack and then apply voltage to the probe tip, This lets you check the function and orientation of the connector and trailer lights. (Figure 12).

If the circuit breaker tripped, That contact is likely a ground, Reset the circuit breaker by letting it cool down for 15 seconds



(Figure 12)

## 3.6 Activating Components in the Vehicle

while the tool in DC voltage mode, contact the probe tip to the positive terminal of the component, the green LED should light, indicating continuity to ground, While observing the green LED, quickly depress and release the power switch forward, if the green LED went out and the red LED came On, you may proceed with further activation, (Figure 13) if the green LED went off at that instant or if the circuit breaker tripped, the tool has been overloaded. This could happen for the following reasons:

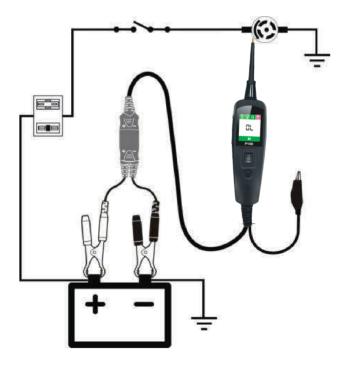
- The contact you are probing is a direct ground.
- The component you are testing is short- circuited.

 The component is a very high current component (i.e., Starter motor).

if the circuit breaker is tripped, reset it by waiting for it to cool down 15 seconds and the depressing the reset button.

WARNING: Haphazardly appling voltage to certain circuits can cause damage to a vehicle's electronic components, Therefore, it is strongly advised to use the vehicle manufacturer's schematic and diagnosing procedure while testing.

NOTE: When powering up components, you can increase the life of power switch if you first press the switch, then contact the tip to the component, The arcing will take place at the tip instead of the contacts of the switch.



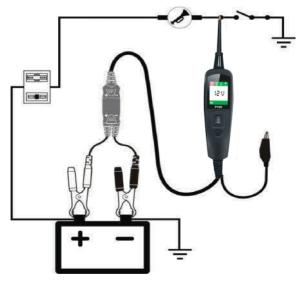
(Figure 13)

#### 3.7 Activating Components W/Ground

while the tool in DC Voltage mode, Contact the probe tip to the negative terminal of the component, The red LED shold ligh, While observing the red LED, quickly depress and release the power switch rearward, If the red LED went out and the green LED came On, you may proceed with further activation. (Figure 14), If the green LED went off at that instant or if the circuit breaker tripped, The tool has been overload, This could happen for the following reasons:

- The contact you are probing is a direct positive voltage.
- The component you are testing is short –circuit.
- The component is a very high current component (i.e., Starter motor).

If the circuit breaker is tripped, reset it by waiting for it to cool down 15 seconds and then depressing the reset button.



(Figure 14)

WARNING: with this function, if you are contacting a protected circuit, a vehicle's fuse can be blown or tripped if you apply ground to it.

#### 3.8 Checking for Bad Ground Contacts

Probe the suspected ground wire or contact with the probe tip. observe the green LED. Depress the power switch forward then release, If the green LED went out and the red LED came On. This is not a true ground.

If the circuit breaker tripped, This circuit is more than likely a good ground, Keep in mind that high current components such as starter motors will also trip the circuit Breaker.

#### 3.9 Following & Locating Short Circuits.

In most cases a short circuit will appear by a fuse or a fusible link blowing or an electrical protection device tripping (i.e., a circuit breaker). This is the best place to begin the search.

- Remove the blown fuse from the fuse box.
- Use the probe tip to activate the energize each of the fuse contacts. The contact which trips the circuit breaker is the shorted circuit, Take note of this wire's identification code or color.
- Follow the wire as far as you can along the wiring harness.

Here is an example for this application.

- If you are following a short in the brake light circuit, you may know that the wire must pass through the wiring harness at the door sill. Locate the color-coded wire in the harness and expose it.
- Probe through the insulation with the probe tip, and depress the power switch forward to activate and energize the wire.

- If the circuit breaker tripped, you have verified the shorted wire.
   Cut the wire and energize each end with the probe tip. The wire end which trips the circuit breaker again is the shorted circuit and it will lead you to the shorted area.
- Follow the wire in the shorted direction and repeat this process until the short is located.

#### 3.10 Red/Green Polarity LED

The Red/ Green polarity LED lights up when the probe tip voltage matches the battery voltage within ±0.8 volts, It is added information that could be valuable to the technician.

If the circuit you are testing is not within a 0.8 volts (plus or minus) of supply voltage, you will see the voltage reading on the LCD bu you will not hear a tone or see a red or green LED. This tells you either you have a voltage drop in excess of 0.8 volt from battery voltage or you are probing a circuit that has an increase of a 0.8 volt or more over battery voltage.

To determine battery voltage, simply remove the tip from the circuit and press the power switch forward, Battery voltage will then be displayed on the LCD, The difference between the battery voltage increase, This allows you to determin a voltage drop without running back to check the battery. Its just another one of time saving feature the tool has.

# 4. Test Tool Specifications

DC voltage range: 0-65V +1 digit

Resistance range :  $0 - 200 \text{ K}\Omega$ 

Frequency response of tone pass through

0Hz to 10Khz.

#### Circuit Breaker

Rating current: 1 - 10 Amp

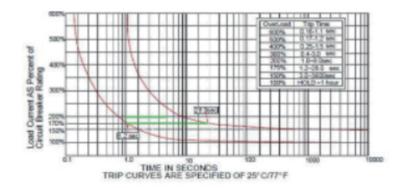
#### **Testing Standard**

100% current : no trip

150% current: trip in one hour

200% current: trip in 3-30 seconds.

300% current: trip in 0.5-4.0 seconds.



#### 5. Test Tool Know- How

#### 1). Is the P-100 Probe Tester computer and airbag safe?

The tool LED and LCD pull no more than 1 milliamp of current. Therefore when using it as a test light or multimeter it is computer and airbag safe, However, Pressing the power switch is a different story, When you press the switch forware. you are confucting full battery current to the tip of the probe. There is a nice safety feature built into the tool. Simply connect the extra ground lead to the tool and press the power switch forward until it trips the circuit breaker. This will prevent power from going to the tip but still allow you to use the tool as a multimeter. When you are away from computer components, simple press the reset button and you are ready to power up again.

# 6. Warranty and Service

### 6.1 Limited On Year Warranty

JDiag warrants to its customers that this product will be free from all defects in materials and workmanshop for a period of one year from the date of the original purchase, subject to the following terms and conditions:

- 1). The sole responsibility of JDiag under the warranty is limited to either the repair or at the option of JDiag, Replacement of the test tool at no charge with proof of purchase, The sales receipt may be used fro the purpose.
- This warranty does not apply to damages caused by improper use, accident, flood, lightning, or if the products was altered or repaired by anyone other than the manufacturer's service center.

- 3). JDiag shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damages arising from the use, misuse, or mounting of the test tool. Some states do not allow limitations on how long a implied warranty lasts . so the above limitations my not apply to you .
  - 4). All information in this manual is based on the latest information available at the time of the publicating and no wrranty can be make for its accuracy or completeness. JDiag reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

#### 6.2 Service Procedures

If you have any questions. please contat you local store, Distributor or visit our website at **www.jdiagtool.com** 

If it becomes necessary to return the best tool for repair, contact your local distributor for more information.

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